

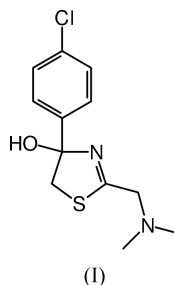
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Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study
 $T = 120$ K
Mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å
 R factor = 0.044
 wR factor = 0.147
Data-to-parameter ratio = 17.8For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see <http://journals.iucr.org/e>.2-(*N,N*-Dimethylaminomethyl)-4-hydroxy-4-(4-chlorophenyl)thiazoline

The structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClN}_2\text{OS}$, comprises a twisted molecule that forms dimers in the solid state *via* the $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}(\text{thiazole})$ hydrogen-bonding interaction. The phenyl ring is twisted by $88.65(9)^\circ$ with respect to the mean plane of the thiazoline ring (largest ring deviation <0.05 Å). No close contacts are observed involving the amino N atom, but one of the *N*-methyl C atoms is $3.367(3)$ Å from an adjacent Cl atom, although none of the *N*-methyl H atoms are appropriately positioned to form a $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ close contact.

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Experimental

The title compound was obtained from Key Organics Ltd and crystals were grown from an ethanol solution.

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClN}_2\text{OS}$
 $M_r = 270.77$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 6.1186(8)$ Å
 $b = 9.3865(9)$ Å
 $c = 11.977(2)$ Å
 $\alpha = 103.473(4)^\circ$
 $\beta = 97.274(5)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 93.32(1)^\circ$
 $V = 660.8(1)$ Å³

$Z = 2$
 $D_x = 1.361$ Mg m⁻³
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Cell parameters from 25743 reflections
 $\theta = 1.0$ – 27.5°
 $\mu = 0.43$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 120(2)$ K
Needle, colourless
 $0.34 \times 0.07 \times 0.04$ mm

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer
 φ and ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SORTAV; Blessing, 1995)
 $T_{\min} = 0.867$, $T_{\max} = 0.983$
8739 measured reflections

2846 independent reflections
2206 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.042$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$
 $h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
 $l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.147$
 $S = 1.01$
2846 reflections
160 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1P)^2]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.34$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.39$ e Å⁻³

Table 1
Hydrogen-bonding geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O41—H41 \cdots N3 ⁱ	0.91 (3)	1.86 (3)	2.767 (2)	176 (3)
C21—H22 \cdots O41 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.38	3.294 (2)	153
C42—H42 \cdots O41	0.95	2.43	2.793 (3)	102

Symmetry codes: (i) $1-x, 1-y, 2-z$; (ii) $x-1, y, z$.

All H atoms were included in the refinement, at calculated positions, as riding models, with C—H set to 0.93 (Ar—H) and 0.96 Å (CH₃), except for the O—H atom, which was located in a difference synthesis, and whose positional and displacement parameters were refined.

Data collection: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: *DENZO* and *COLLECT*; data reduction: *DENZO* and *COLLECT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *PLATON97* (Spek, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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References

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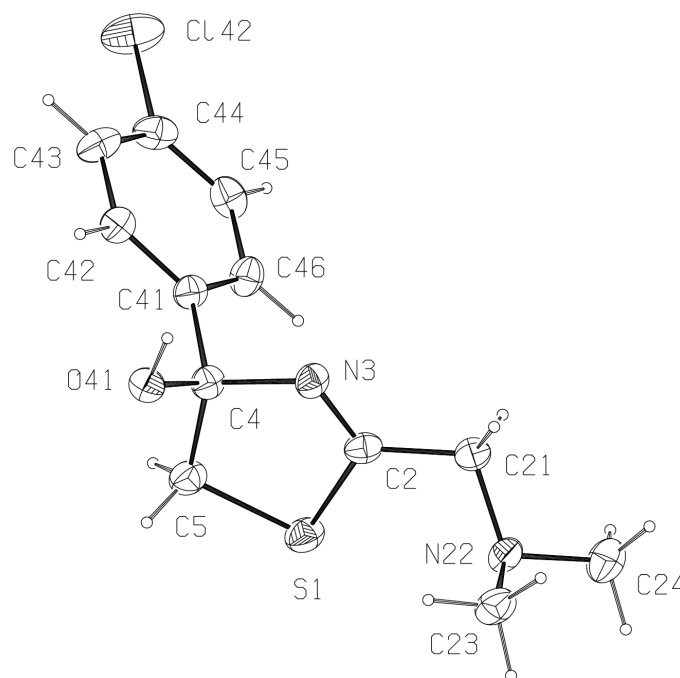


Figure 1
The molecular configuration and atom-numbering scheme for the title compound, showing 50% probability ellipsoids.

- Sheldrick, G. M. (1997). *SHELXS97* and *SHELXL97*. University of Göttingen, Germany.
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